REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE MCCRACKEN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

www.auditor.ky.gov

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 TELEPHONE (502) 564-5841 FACSIMILE (502) 564-2912

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT OF THE MCCRACKEN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2014

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the McCracken County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

We have issued an unmodified opinion, based on our audit on the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of McCracken County, Kentucky. In accordance with OMB Circular A-133, we have issued an unmodified opinion on the compliance requirements that are applicable to McCracken County's major federal program: Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (CFDA #97.039).

Financial Condition:

The McCracken County Fiscal Court had total receipts of \$25,902,579 and disbursements of \$36,294,775 in fiscal year 2014. This resulted in a total ending fund balance of \$7,599,090, which is decrease of \$6,109,970 from the prior year.

Report Comments:

Deposits:

The Fiscal Court's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

NDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MCCRACKEN COUNTY OFFICIALS	4
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS	6
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT	11
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES	27
NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES	36
SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	39
NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	40
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	43
NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	44
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	47
REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133	51
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	33
APPENDIX A:	
CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM	

CONTENTS

PAGE



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Matthew G. Bevin, Governor
William M. Landrum III, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Bob Leeper, McCracken County Judge/Executive
Honorable Van Newberry, Former McCracken County Judge/Executive
Members of the McCracken County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of McCracken County, Kentucky, for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. This includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Matthew G. Bevin, Governor
William M. Landrum III, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Bob Leeper, McCracken County Judge/Executive
Honorable Van Newberry, Former McCracken County Judge/Executive
Members of the McCracken County Fiscal Court

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described more fully in Note 1, the financial statement is prepared by McCracken County, Kentucky on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of McCracken County, Kentucky as of June 30, 2014, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the fund balances of McCracken County, Kentucky as of June 30, 2014, and its cash receipts and disbursements, for the year then ended, in accordance with the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statement taken as a whole of McCracken County, Kentucky. The budgetary comparison schedules and capital asset schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statement, however they are required to be presented in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the financial statement. The budgetary comparison schedules, capital asset schedule, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement or to the financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedules, capital asset schedule, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement.

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Matthew G. Bevin, Governor
William M. Landrum III, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Bob Leeper, McCracken County Judge/Executive
Honorable Van Newberry, Former McCracken County Judge/Executive
Members of the McCracken County Fiscal Court

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2015 on our consideration of McCracken County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

2014-001	Material Weaknesses Over Cash Resulted In Unauthorized Cash Transfers						
2014-002	Decentralized Receipts Were Not Properly Turned Over To The County Treasurer						
2014-003	Weak Internal Controls Over Debt And Debt Service Resulted In The Misstatement Of Outstanding						
	Debt Balances						
2014-004	Weak Internal Controls Over Capital Assets Resulted In the Omission Of Capital Asset Additions						
	From The County's Schedule Of Capital Assets						
2014-005	The McCracken County Jailer Failed To Implement Internal Controls Over The Service						
	Organization Handling Inmate Funds						
2014-006	The McCracken County Fiscal Court Should Improve Internal Controls Over Payroll And Payroll						
	Related Payments						
2014-007	Weak Internal Controls Over Credit Card Disbursements Resulted In Late Fees And Potential						
	Misuse						

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

December 16, 2015

MCCRACKEN COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

Fiscal Court Members:

Van Newberry County Judge/Executive

Jerry Beyer Commissioner
Ronnie Freeman Commissioner
Zana Renfro Commissioner

Other Elected Officials:

Michael Murphy County Attorney

Bill Adams Jailer

Jeff Jerrell County Clerk

Glenda Ransom Circuit Court Clerk

Jon Hayden Sheriff

Nancy Bock Property Valuation Administrator

Dan Sims Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Doug Harnice Deputy Judge Executive

Angie Brown County Treasurer

Perry Mason Road Supervisor

MCCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

MCCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

Budgeted Funds

				6		
		General Fund		Road Fund		Jail Fund
RECEIPTS						
Taxes	•	10,824,385	\$		\$	
In Lieu Tax Payments	Φ.	1,105,678	Ф		Ф	
Excess Fees		1,103,078				
Licenses and Permits		353,704				
Intergovernmental		3,161,371		1,824,748		2,638,104
Charges for Services		52,479		1,024,740		180,682
Miscellaneous		666,187				272,294
Interest		19,634				272,294
				1,824,748		2 001 080
Total Receipts		16,183,438		1,824,748		3,091,080
DISBURSEMENTS						
General Government		4,246,686				
Protection to Persons and Property		1,164,664				4,571,073
General Health and Sanitation		407,283				
Social Services		151,336				
Recreation and Culture		196,291				
Roads				2,015,560		
Airports						
Bus Services		9,000				
Debt Service		883,071				
Capital Projects		9,395,582		19,546		
Administration		2,992,415		504,439		1,621,459
Total Disbursements		19,446,328		2,539,545		6,192,532
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over						
Disbursements Before Other						
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(3,262,890)		(714,797)		(3,101,452)
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						
Bond Proceeds						
Bond Issuance Costs						
Bonds Refunded						
Net Premium (Discount) on Bond Issuance						
Transfers From Other Funds		9,461,780		714,697		3,101,452
				/14,09/		3,101,432
Transfers To Other Funds		(6,949,716)		714 607		2 101 452
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		2,512,064		714,697		3,101,452
Net Change in Fund Balance		(750,826)		(100)		
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)		6,429,620		100		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	5,678,794	\$	0	\$	0
C " CF ID I		_	_	_	_	_
Composition of Fund Balance	*	5 50 6 13 6	¢	6 0 0 0	¢.	25.525
Bank Balance	\$	5,706,126	\$	6,807	\$	25,623
Less: Outstanding Checks		(27,332)		(6,807)		(25,623)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	5,678,794	\$	0	\$	0

MCCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

	Budgeted Funds											
E	Local Government Economic State Assistance Grant Fund Fund		State Federal Grant Grant Sheriff						uvenile Justice Fund	Transient Room Tax Fund		
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	1,772,922	
	21,528		499,097		108,758		1,613,154					
	21,528		499,097		108,758		1,613,154				358 1,773,280	
							2,563,357		76,589			
			742,583		38,519						1,172,749	
											581,698	
			744				1,401,596					
			743,327		38,519		3,964,953		76,589		1,754,447	
	21,528		(244,230)		70,239		(2,351,799)		(76,589)		18,833	
							2,351,799		76,589			
							2,351,799		76,589			
	21,528 203,758		(244,230) 371,731		70,239 470,978						18,833	
\$	225,286	\$	127,501	\$	470,978 541,217	\$	0	\$	0	\$	264,231 283,064	
\$	225,286	\$	127,501	\$	541,217	\$	4,937 (4,937)	\$		\$	283,064	
\$	225,286	\$	127,501	\$	541,217	\$	0	\$	0	\$	283,064	

MCCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

	Unbudgeted Funds					
		Public roperties orporation Fund	Co	Jail ommissary Fund	В	County and Debt Service Fund
RECEIPTS						
Taxes	\$		\$		\$	
In Lieu Tax Payments						
Excess Fees						
Licenses and Permits						
Intergovernmental		214,056				326,307
Charges for Services						
Miscellaneous				100,076		
Interest		1		119		1
Total Receipts		214,057		100,195		326,308
DISBURSEMENTS						
General Government						
Protection to Persons and Property						
General Health and Sanitation						
Social Services						
Recreation and Culture				87,888		
Roads						
Airports						
Bus Services						
Debt Service		453,587				798,512
Capital Projects						
Administration						
Total Disbursements		453,587		87,888		798,512
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over						
Disbursements Before Other						
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(239,530)		12,307		(472,204)
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						
Bond Proceeds		3,165,000				4,401,700
Bond Issuance Costs		(27,860)				(74,557)
Bonds Refunded		(3,099,423)				
Net Premium (Discount) on Bond Issuance		(33,747)				(48,887)
Transfers From Other Funds		239,531				465,648
Transfers To Other Funds					(4,300,000)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		243,501				443,904
Net Change in Fund Balance		3,971		12,307		(28,300)
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)		5,571		135,614		28,300
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	3,971	\$	147,921	\$	0
Composition of Fund Balance						
Bank Balance	\$	3,971	\$	147,921	\$	
Less: Outstanding Checks						
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	3,971	\$	147,921	\$	0

MCCRACKEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Unbudgeted Funds

Construction Projects Fund		Planning Commission Fund		Unclaimed Fund		Car Rental Tax Fund		Total Funds
\$	\$		\$		\$	118,455	\$	12,715,762
		20.000						1,105,678
		20,000						20,000
								353,704 10,407,123
		5,510						238,671
		3,310		2,574				1,041,131
348				36		13		20,510
348		25,510		2,610		118,468		25,902,579
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		20 5 10						6 9 4 9 5 0 1
		38,548						6,848,591 5,812,326
								407,283
								932,438
								1,456,928
								2,015,560
						160,000		160,000
								9,000
								2,716,868
								9,415,128
								6,520,653
		38,548				160,000		36,294,775
348		(13,038)		2,610		(41,532)		(10,392,196)
								7,566,700
								(102,417)
								(3,099,423)
4 200 000								(82,634)
4,300,000				(64.767)				20,711,496
(9,397,013)				(64,767)				(20,711,496)
(3,097,013)	<u>, </u>			(64,767)				4,282,226
(5,096,665))	(13,038)		(62,157)		(41,532)		(6,109,970)
5,620,519		13,561		92,147		78,501		13,709,060
\$ 523,854	\$	523	\$	29,990	\$	36,969	\$	7,599,090
\$ 523,854	\$	523	\$	29,990	\$	36,969	\$	7,663,789 (64,699)
\$ 523,854	\$	523	\$	29,990	\$	36,969	\$	7,599,090

INDEX FOR NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Note 1.	SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	11
Note 2.	DEPOSITS	14
Note 3.	Transfers	15
Note 4.	AGENCY TRUST FUNDS	15
Note 5.	HEALTH REIMBURSEMENT ACCOUNT/FLEXIBLE SPENDING ACCOUNT	15
Note 6.	RECEIVABLES	16
Note 7.	LONG-TERM DEBT	16
Note 8.	CONTINGENCIES	22
Note 9.	EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM	22
NOTE 10.	DEFERRED COMPENSATION	23
Note 11.	INSURANCE	24
NOTE 12.	LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE COSTS	24
NOTE 13.	PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	24

MCCRACKEN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

June 30, 2014

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statement of McCracken County includes all budgeted and unbudgeted funds under the control of the McCracken County Fiscal Court. Budgeted funds included within the reporting entity are those funds presented in the county's approved annual budget and reported on the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government. Unbudgeted funds may include non-fiduciary financial activities that are within the county's control. Unbudgeted funds may also include any corporation to act as the Fiscal Court in the acquisition and financing of any public project which may be undertaken by the Fiscal Court pursuant to the provisions of Kentucky law and thus accomplish a public purpose of the Fiscal Court. The unbudgeted funds are not presented in the annual approved budget or in the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement is presented on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting, other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the *Government Accounting Standards Board*. This basis of accounting involves the reporting of fund balances and the changes therein resulting from cash inflows (cash receipts) and cash outflows (cash disbursements) to meet the financial reporting requirements of the Department for Local Government and the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because the financial statement format does not include the GAAP presentations of government-wide and fund financial statements, cash receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned and susceptible to accrual, and cash disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when incurred or subject to accrual.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15.

C. Basis of Presentation

Budgeted Funds

The Fiscal Court reports the following budgeted funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the Fiscal Court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the General Fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the General Fund. The Department for Local Government requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the General Fund.

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for grants and related disbursements. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are grants from the state and federal governments.

State Grant Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the state grant receipts and state grant disbursements of the county.

Federal Grant Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for federal grant receipts and federal grant disbursements of the county.

Sheriff Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for receipts and disbursements associated with the McCracken County Sheriff's Office. The primary source of receipts for this fund is the sheriff's fees turned over to the Fiscal Court after the close of each month.

Juvenile Justice Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for housing expenses of the county's juvenile offenders. The primary source of receipts for this fund is transfers from the General Fund.

Transient Room Tax Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the collection and distribution of transient room tax.

Unbudgeted Funds

The Fiscal Court reports the following unbudgeted funds:

Debt Service (Public Properties Corporation) Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest of the Public Properties Corporation. The Fiscal Court had budgeted this fund, however, the State Local Finance Officer does not require it to be budgeted and under the regulatory basis, it will be shown as an unbudgeted fund.

Jail Commissary Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit and to enhance the well-being of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Commissary Fund.

County Bond Debt Service Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for debt service requirements of the county's general obligation funds. The Department for Local Government does not require the Fiscal Court to report or budget this fund.

Construction Projects Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of county or related facilities.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Unbudgeted Funds (Continued)

Planning Commission Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for fees charged to customers for plats, approvals, and waivers of subdivisions. Expenses of the fund consisted of payments for meals for the planning commission and work for correcting the zoning issues.

Unclaimed Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for monies received by the County Attorney when a decedent's estate is settled and there are no survivors. Funds are held for one year and then remitted to the County's General Fund.

Car Rental Tax Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for the receipts and disbursements of the County's rental car tax.

D. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the *Government Accounting Standards Board* and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the Fiscal Court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the Fiscal Court by July 1.

The Fiscal Court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the Fiscal Court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the Jail Commissary Fund to be budgeted because the Fiscal Court does not approve the expenses of this fund.

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the Public Properties Corporation Fund or the County Bond Debt Service Fund to be budgeted. Bond indentures and other relevant contractual provisions require specific payments to and from this fund annually.

E. McCracken County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting McCracken County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the Fiscal Court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the Board of Education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statement of McCracken County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Deposits and Investments

The government's fund balance is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The government's fund balance includes cash and cash equivalents and investments.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

G. Long-term Obligations

The fund financial statement recognizes bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as disbursements. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as disbursements. Debt proceeds are reported as other adjustments to cash.

Note 2. Deposits

The Fiscal Court maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1) (d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2014, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Transfers

The table below shows the interfund operating transfers for fiscal year 2014.

			County	Construction	
	General	Unclaimed	Bond Debt	Projects	Total
	Fund	Fund	Service Fund	Fund	Transfers In
General Fund	\$	\$ 64,767	\$	\$9,397,013	\$ 9,461,780
Road Fund	714,697				714,697
Jail Fund	3,101,452				3,101,452
Sheriff Fund	2,351,799				2,351,799
Juvenile Justice Fund	76,589				76,589
Public Properties Corporation Fund	239,531				239,531
County Bond Debt Service Fund	465,648				465,648
Construction Projects Fund			4,300,000		4,300,000
Total Transfers Out	\$6,949,716	\$ 64,767	\$4,300,000	\$9,397,013	\$20,711,496

Reason for transfers:

To move resources from and to the General Fund and other funds, for budgetary purposes, to the funds that will expend them.

Note 4. Agency Trust Funds

Trust funds report only those resources held in a trust or custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

The Fiscal Court has the following agency trust funds:

Jail Inmate Fund - This fund accounts for inmates' monies that are housed at the McCracken County Jail. The balance of the Jail Inmate Fund was \$14,829 as of June 30, 2014.

Note 5. Health Reimbursement Account/Flexible Spending Account

The McCracken County Fiscal Court established a health reimbursement account on February 11, 2013 to provide employees an additional health benefit. The County has contracted with Febco Inc., a third-party administrator, to administer the plan. The plan provides a debit card to each eligible employee providing funds, determined by health insurance coverage, each year to pay for qualified medical expenses. Employees may also contribute additional pre-tax funds through payroll. The account balance as of June 30, 2014 was \$81,848.

Note 6. Receivables

A. General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011 – Murray State University Project

On November 22, 2011, McCracken County issued \$9,980,000 in General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011 for the purpose of increasing the public higher education opportunities for residents of the Greater Paducah region. On May 31, 2011, a mutual covenant was formed between McCracken County (County), the City of Paducah (Paducah), Murray State University (MSU), and the Greater Paducah Economic Development Council (GPEDC). The County, City, and GPEDC are to provide a combined \$500,000 per year for twenty years to service the debt of the bonds. It is the responsibility of MSU to make renewable lease payments to the County for the difference in the County and City's \$500,000 a year contribution, as they may allocate towards the debt service, projected payment to be no more than \$290,000 a year. As of June 30, 2014, the debt service requirements have been met.

B. Greater Paducah Economic Development Council

On September 18, 2007, the McCracken County Fiscal Court (County) and the City of Paducah (Paducah) entered into a financing agreement with the Greater Paducah Economic Development Council (GPEDC) for the acquisition of property. As part of the agreement, the GPEDC executed and delivered to the County an interest free promissory note in the amount of \$600,000 for one half of the financing. On December 19, 2008, the County agreed to an additional note of \$311,375 for the GPEDC to purchase property. In December of 2013, the County forgave \$500,000 of the \$911,375 loaned to the GPEDC. The entire principal amount of the note for \$411,375 is due and payable by June 30, 2015.

Note 7. Long-term Debt

A. First Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2004

On September 1, 2004, the County sold McCracken County, Kentucky Public Properties Corporation First Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds, (Courthouse Project), Series 2004 (the Bonds) through the McCracken County, Kentucky Public Properties Corporation. The Bonds originally totaled \$6,025,000, and the proceeds were used for the purposes of (i) refunding \$7,290,000 McCracken County Kentucky Public Properties Corporation Public Project Revenue Bonds (Court Facilities Project) and (ii) paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds, which are dated August 1, 2004. The bonds have interest rates of 3.00% to 4.75% and mature beginning in September 2005 through September 2026. As of June 30, 2014, these bonds had been called.

B. First Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013

On December 17, 2013, the County sold McCracken County, Kentucky Public Properties Corporation First Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, (Courthouse Project) through the McCracken County, Kentucky Public Properties Corporation. The Bonds totaled \$3,165,000, and the proceeds were used for the purposes of, (i) refunding all of the outstanding Series 2004 bonds issued by the McCracken County Public Properties Corporation and (ii) paying the cost of issuance on the bonds, which are dated December 17, 2013. The bonds have interest rates of 1% to 3.65% and mature beginning in June 2014 through June 2027. As of June 30, 2014, outstanding bond principal was \$3,165,000.

Note 7. Long-term Debt (Continued)

B. First Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 (Continued)

Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended			
June 30	 Principal	 Interest	
2015	\$ 315,000	\$ 58,356	
2016	450,000	54,531	
2017	455,000	50,006	
2018	195,000	46,610	
2019	200,000	43,989	
2020-2024	1,060,000	151,706	
2025-2027	 490,000	17,287	
Totals	\$ 3,165,000	\$ 422,485	

C. General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011 (MSU Project)

On November 22, 2011, the County sold McCracken County, Kentucky General Obligation Bonds, (Murray State University Project), Series 2011 (the Bonds). The Bonds originally totaled \$9,980,000, and the proceeds will be used for the purposes of (i) constructing an education building and associated streets, parking lots, utilities and infrastructure, and (ii) paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds which are dated November 22, 2011. The bonds have interest rates of 1.00% to 3.50% and mature beginning in December 2012 through December 2031. A mutual covenant was formed by McCracken County (County), the City of Paducah (Paducah), Murray State University (MSU), and the Greater Paducah Economic Development Council (GPEDC). See Note 5A for receivable. As of June 30, 2014, outstanding lease principal was \$9,155,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended				
June 30]	Principal Interest		Interest
2015	\$	420,000	\$	232,131
2016		425,000		227,375
2017		435,000		221,456
2018		440,000		214,344
2019		445,000		206,044
2020-2024		2,390,000		876,963
2025-2029		2,735,000		532,434
2030-2032		1,865,000		97,575
Totals	\$	9,155,000	\$	2,608,322

Note 7. Long-term Debt (Continued)

D. General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013A (TeleTech Project)

On June 17, 2013, the County sold McCracken County, Kentucky General Obligation Bonds, (TeleTech Project), Series 2013A (the Bonds). The Bonds originally totaled \$1,415,000, and the proceeds will be used for the purposes of (i) financing the acquisition, construction, installation, and equipping of an approximately 30,000 square foot building, which will be subleased to TeleTech Services Corporation and (ii) paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds, which are dated June 17, 2013. The bonds have interest rates of 1.00% to 5.00% and mature beginning in December 2013 through December 2032. The County received a good faith deposit of \$28,300, in June 2013 and the rest of the funds in July 2013 (fiscal year 2014). As of June 30, 2014, outstanding bond principal was \$1,360,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended		
June 30	Principal	Interest
2015	\$ 55,000	\$ 52,050
2016	55,000	51,280
2017	55,000	50,510
2018	55,000	49,438
2019	55,000	48,063
2020-2024	315,000	213,550
2025-2029	380,000	145,600
2030-2033	 390,000	40,250
Totals	\$ 1,360,000	\$ 650,741

E. General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013B (Whitehall/MAACO Project)

On September 10, 2013, the County sold McCracken County, Kentucky General Obligation Bonds, (Whitehall/MAACO Project), Series 2013B (the Bonds). The Bonds originally totaled \$3,015,000, and the proceeds will be used for the purposes of (i) financing improvements to an industrial/distribution facility located within the County (the "MAACO" Project) to be leased to a Kentucky subsidiary of MAACO Organiques Incorporated, a Canadian corporation, (ii) financing equipment for the use by SRS Industries, LLC d/b/a Whitehall Industries, a Michigan limited liability company, at an industrial/distribution facility located within the County to be leased by such company (the "Whitehall Project," and together with the MAACO Project, the "Project"), and (iii) paying the costs of issuing the Bonds. The Bonds have interest rates of 3.00% to 5.00% and mature beginning in March, 2014 through September, 2033. The County received a good faith deposit of \$60,300, in September 2013 along with the remainder of the funds. As of June 30, 2014, outstanding lease principal was \$3,015,000.

Note 7. Long-term Debt (Continued)

E. General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013B (Whitehall/MAACO Project) (Continued)

Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended			
June 30]	Principal	Interest
2015	\$	195,000	\$ 102,825
2016		200,000	96,900
2017		210,000	90,750
2018		215,000	84,375
2019		220,000	77,850
2020-2024		1,210,000	283,950
2025-2029		335,000	151,125
2030-2033		335,000	53,375
2034		95,000	2,375
Totals	\$	3,015,000	\$ 943,525

F. Notes Payable

Convention Center and Four Rivers Centers – City of Paducah

On August 19, 2010, the County issued a note payable to the City of Paducah, Kentucky (City) in the amount of \$3,582,500. The note was authorized for the purpose of paying the County's fifty percent portion of the refinancing costs related to the original acquisition, construction, installation and equipping of the expansion to the Julian Carroll Convention Center and the construction of the Four Rivers Center for the Performing Arts (collectively, the Project) and paying the County's fifty percent portion of the costs of issuance by the City of Paducah (the City) of its General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 (the City Bonds) being issued to refinance the costs of the Project. The note has interest rates of 1.0% to 3.25%, and interest payments are to be made semi-annually beginning December 1, 2010. Principal payments are to be made annually on June 1 with final payment due June 1, 2026. The balance on the note as of June 30, 2013 was \$2,902,500. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended			
June 30]	Principal	 Interest
2015	\$	210,000	\$ 80,859
2016		215,000	76,659
2017		220,000	72,359
2018		225,000	67,409
2019		227,500	61,783
2020-2024		1,250,000	206,594
2025-2027		555,000	27,219
Totals	\$	2,902,500	\$ 592,882

Note 7. Long-term Debt (Continued)

F. Notes Payable (Continued)

Speculative Building - City of Paducah

On August 23, 2011, the County issued a note payable to the City of Paducah, Kentucky (City) in the amount of \$1,955,000. The note was authorized for the purpose of refinancing the May 1, 2004 note payable to the City of Paducah, Kentucky (City). In August 2011, the City issued General Obligation Taxable Refunding Bonds of \$3,910,000 to advance refund General Obligation Public Project Bonds, Series 2004 issued for the purpose of the acquisition, construction and installation of an approximately 100,000 square foot building to be leased by the City and County to the Paducah McCracken Industrial Development Authority. On June 1, 2004, the City and County entered into a lease agreement with the Paducah McCracken County Industrial Development Authority entered into an agreement with Infiniti Plastic Technologies, Inc. Infiniti shall be responsible for the payment of the monthly rent installments for the remainder of the term of the lease, which monthly rent installments commenced on September 1, 2007. The note has an interest rate of 3.68% and interest payments are to be made semiannually beginning December 1, 2011. Principal payments are to be made annually on June 1 with the final payment due on June 1, 2024. The balance on the note as of June 30, 2014 was \$1,550,000. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended			
June 30	Principal		Interest
	 _		
2015	\$ 140,000	\$	57,040
2016	145,000		51,888
2017	150,000		46,552
2018	155,000		41,032
2019	160,000		35,328
2020-2024	 800,000		83,352
Totals	\$ 1,550,000	\$	315,192

G. KaCOLT-Convention Center Renovation

On December 20, 2010, the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program in the sum of \$4,965,000 at a 4.25% effective interest rate. The financing obligation is for the purpose of refinancing the renovation of the Julian Carroll Convention Center. The maturity date of the obligation is January 1, 2026. The balance on the lease as of June 30, 2014 was \$4,162,500.

Note 7. Long-term Debt (Continued)

G. KaCOLT-Convention Center Renovation (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended				
June 30]	Principal		Interest
2015	\$	192,083	\$	178,132
2016		219,167		185,263
2017		229,167		175,400
2018		239,167		165,088
2019		249,166		154,325
2020-2024		1,420,000		593,388
2025-2029		1,613,750		233,328
	\$	4,162,500	\$	1,684,924

H. KaCOLT-Jail and Sheriff's Office Expansion

On December 20, 2010, the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program in the sum of \$4,145,000 at a 4.25% effective interest rate. The financing obligation is for the purpose of refinancing the expansion of the jail and sheriff's office. The maturity date of the obligation is January 1, 2029. The balance on the lease as of June 30, 2014 was \$3,407,500. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended				
June 30	Principal	 Interest		
		_		
2015	\$ 210,417	\$ 142,236		
2016	241,250	145,238		
2017	254,167	134,381		
2018	264,167	122,944		
2019	276,250	111,056		
2020-2024	1,584,166	357,038		
2025-2026	577,083	 37,405		
	\$ 3,407,500	\$ 1,050,298		

Note 7. Long-term Debt (Continued)

I. Changes in Long-Term Debt

Long-term liability debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

_	Beginning Balance	Additions *	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds Revenue Bonds Notes Payable (Restated) ** Financing Obligations	\$ 10,985,000 3,405,000 4,795,000 7,990,000	\$ 3,015,000 3,165,000	\$ 470,000 3,405,000 342,500 420,000	\$13,530,000 3,165,000 4,452,500 7,570,000	\$ 670,000 315,000 350,000 402,500
Total Long-term Debt	\$ 27,175,000	\$ 6,180,000	\$ 4,637,500	\$28,717,500	\$ 1,737,500

^{*} General Obligation Bond additions do not agree to the bond proceeds reported on the Financial Statement. This is due to General Obligation Bond Series 2013A (TeleTech Project) being recognized in the prior year, but bond proceeds, less the \$28,300 Good Faith Deposit, being received in the current year.

Note 8. Contingencies

The County is involved in multiple lawsuits that arose from the normal course of doing business. While individually they may not be significant; in the aggregate, they could negatively impact the county's financial position. Due to the uncertainty of the litigation, a reasonable estimate of the financial impact on the county cannot be made at this time.

Note 9. Employee Retirement System

The Fiscal Court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute five percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute six percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 18.89 percent.

Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute eight percent of their salary to the plan. Hazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute nine percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: eight percent will go to the member's account and one percent will go to the KRS insurance fund. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 35.70 percent.

The county's contribution for FY 2012 was \$1,979,458, FY 2013 was \$2,213,950, and FY 2014 was \$2.147.615.

^{**} The beginning balance of Notes Payable has been restated \$24,942 for premiums and discounts that were previously netted against the outstanding debt in prior years.

Note 9. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

CERS also provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

		% Paid by Member through
Years of Service	% paid by Insurance Fund	Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount.

Hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn 15 dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. Upon the death of a hazardous employee, such employee's spouse receives ten dollars per month for insurance benefits for each year of the deceased employee's hazardous service. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 10. Deferred Compensation

On November 9, 1982, the McCracken County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate.

Note 10. Deferred Compensation (Continued)

These deferred compensation plans permits all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 101 Sea Hero Road, Suite 110, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 11. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, McCracken County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 12. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs

The County landfill closed to the public on June 30, 1995. The County must comply with established state and federal landfill closure and post-closure procedures and must perform maintenance and monitoring at the site for thirty years after closure. The 30-year period will begin upon approval from the Commonwealth of Kentucky regarding the environmental condition of the landfill site. As of June 30, 2014, the final approval of the closure had not yet been granted. Closure costs for FYE June 30, 2014 were \$76,947. In June 2014, the City of Paducah reimbursed the County \$46,663 for its share of landfill expenses.

Estimated post-closure care costs total \$4,125,000 or \$125,000 per year plus 10 percent for inflation. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

McCracken County prepares required financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting in accordance with the laws of Kentucky, therefore no liability has been recognized for the closure or post-closure care costs. State and federal laws and regulations require for the Fiscal Court to provide financial assurance that landfill closure and post-closure care costs are properly funded. In order to meet financial assurance requirements, the Fiscal Court entered into an inter-local agreement with the City of Paducah, Kentucky to share equally the post closure costs. The City of Paducah, Kentucky will reimburse the County annually for its share of closure costs incurred during the fiscal year.

Note 13. Prior Period Adjustment

Ending Cash Balance Prior Year	\$	13,630,260
Adjustments:		
Prior Year Voided Checks -General Fund		299
Car Rental Tax Fund		78,501
Beginning Fund Balance - Restated	\$	13,709,060
Deginning Fund Dalance - Restated	φ	13,703,000

MCCRACKEN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

MCCRACKEN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

GENER	ΛT	IT	IN	n
CTENER	\mathbf{A}	гι	11	.,

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
RECEIPTS	<u> </u>		Busis)	(Tvegative)		
Taxes	\$ 10,009,348	\$ 10,009,348	\$ 10,824,385	\$ 815,037		
In Lieu Tax Payments	1,050,000	1,050,000	1,105,678	55,678		
Excess Fees	1,514,506	1,514,506	, ,	(1,514,506)		
Licenses and Permits	388,000	388,000	353,704	(34,296)		
Intergovernmental	1,793,171	1,943,171	3,161,371	1,218,200		
Charges for Services	35,000	35,000	52,479	17,479		
Miscellaneous	561,500	861,500	666,187	(195,313)		
Interest	25,000	25,000	19,634	(5,366)		
Total Receipts	15,376,525	15,826,525	16,183,438	356,913		
DISBURSEMENTS						
General Government	4,737,423	4,246,709	4,246,686	23		
Protection to Persons and Property	1,059,726	1,164,676	1,164,664	12		
General Health and Sanitation	401,403	407,594	407,283	311		
Social Services	145,000	151,336	151,336			
Recreation and Culture	216,576	196,294	196,291	3		
Bus Services	9,000	9,000	9,000			
Debt Service	1,178,885	883,072	883,071	1		
Capital Projects	4,450,000	9,395,583	9,395,582	1		
Administration	3,068,638	3,287,370	2,992,415	294,955		
Total Disburesments	15,266,651	19,741,634	19,446,328	295,306		
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	109,874	(3,915,109)	(3,262,890)	652,219		
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						
Borrowed Money	4,450,000	(432,013)		432,013		
Transfers From Other Funds		9,397,013	9,461,780	64,767		
Transfers To Other Funds	(7,359,874)	(7,825,522)	(6,949,716)	875,806		
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	(2,909,874)	1,139,478	2,512,064	1,372,586		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,800,000)	(2,775,631)	(750,826)	2,024,805		
Fund Balance Beginning (Restated)	2,800,000	2,800,000	6,429,620	3,629,620		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$ 24,369	\$ 5,678,794	\$ 5,654,425		

MCCRACKEN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

	ROAD FUND							
		Budgeted	1 Amounts		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary			ariance with Final Budget Positive
		Original Final			Basis)		(Negative)	
RECEIPTS								
Intergovernmental	\$	1,396,026	\$	6,501,978	\$	1,824,748	\$	(4,677,230)
Miscellaneous		1,000		1,000				(1,000)
Total Receipts		1,397,026		6,502,978		1,824,748		(4,678,230)
DISBURSEMENTS								
Roads		2,023,970		2,039,036		2,015,560		23,476
Capital Projects				5,057,762		19,546		5,038,216
Administration		480,339		513,463		504,439		9,024
Total Disburesments		2,504,309		7,610,261		2,539,545		5,070,716
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(1,107,283)		(1,107,283)		(714,797)		392,486
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds		1,107,283		1,107,283		714,697		(392,586)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		1,107,283		1,107,283		714,697		(392,586)
Net Change in Fund Balance						(100)		(100)
Fund Balance Beginning						100		100
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

MCCRACKEN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

	JAIL FUND							
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary			riance with inal Budget Positive	
				Final	Basis)		(Negative)	
RECEIPTS								
Intergovernmental	\$	2,378,000	\$	2,378,000	\$	2,638,104	\$	260,104
Charges for Services		165,000		165,000		180,682		15,682
Miscellaneous		325,000		325,000		272,294		(52,706)
Total Receipts		2,868,000		2,868,000		3,091,080		223,080
DISBURSEMENTS								
Protection to Persons and Property		4,592,141		4,592,593		4,571,073		21,520
Administration		1,643,255		1,642,803		1,621,459		21,344
Total Disburesments		6,235,396		6,235,396		6,192,532		42,864
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over								
Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(3,367,396)		(3,367,396)		(3,101,452)		265,944
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds		3,367,396		3,367,396		3,101,452		(265,944)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		3,367,396		3,367,396		3,101,452		(265,944)
Net Change in Fund Balance								
Fund Balance Beginning								
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

MCCRACKEN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND

	C	Budgeted Priginal	Amou	ınts Final	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Fir	iance with nal Budget Positive Vegative)
RECEIPTS								
Intergovernmental	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	_\$	21,528	\$	16,528
Total Receipts	-	5,000		5,000		21,528		16,528
DISBURSEMENTS								
Social Services		6,000		6,000				6,000
Total Disburesments		6,000		6,000				6,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other								
		(4.000)		(4.000)		24.720		22.720
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(1,000)		(1,000)		21,528		22,528
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds		1,000		1,000				(1,000)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		1,000		1,000				(1,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance						21,528		21,528
Fund Balance Beginning						203,758		203,758
								200,.00
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	225,286	\$	225,286

	STATE GRANT FUND							
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
RECEIPTS								
Intergovernmental		200,000	\$	875,000	_\$_	499,097	\$	(375,903)
Total Receipts		200,000		875,000		499,097		(375,903)
DISBURSEMENTS								
Social Services		200,000		997,035		742,583		254,452
Administration				745		744		1
Total Disburesments		200,000		997,780		743,327		254,453
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)				(122,780)		(244,230)		(121,450)
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance Beginning				(122,780)		(244,230) 371,731		(121,450) 371,731
1 and Damilee Degining						3/1,/31		3/1,/31
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	(122,780)	\$	127,501	\$	250,281

	FEDERAL GRANT FUND							
		Budgeted	l Am			Actual Amounts, Budgetary	F	ariance with Final Budget Positive
	-	Original		Final		Basis)		(Negative)
RECEIPTS								
Intergovernmental	\$	300,000	\$	1,300,000	\$	108,758	\$	(1,191,242)
Total Receipts		300,000		1,300,000		108,758		(1,191,242)
DISBURSEMENTS								
Social Services		300,000		1,177,220		38,519		1,138,701
Total Disburesments		300,000		1,177,220		38,519		1,138,701
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)				122,780		70,239		(52,541)
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance Beginning				122,780		70,239 470,978		(52,541) 470,978
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	122,780	\$	541,217	\$	418,437

	SHERIFF FUND							
		Budgeted	l Am			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Basis)	(N	Vegative)
RECEIPTS								
Intergovernmental	_\$_	1,606,000	\$	1,606,000	\$	1,613,154	\$	7,154
Total Receipts		1,606,000		1,606,000		1,613,154		7,154
DISBURSEMENTS								
General Government		2,492,012		2,563,965		2,563,357		608
Administration		1,449,182		1,401,598		1,401,596		2
Total Disburesments		3,941,194		3,965,563		3,964,953		610
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over								
Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(2,335,194)		(2,359,563)		(2,351,799)		7,764
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds		2,335,194		2,335,194		2,351,799		16,605
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		2,335,194		2,335,194		2,351,799		16,605
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance Beginning				(24,369)				24,369
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	(24,369)	\$	0	\$	24,369

		J	IUVENILE J	UST	ICE FUND		
	Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual amounts, Budgetary	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
	 Original		Final		Basis)	(1	Negative)
DISBURSEMENTS							,
Protection to Persons and Property	\$ 90,000	\$	90,000	\$	76,589	\$	(13,411)
Administration	10,500		10,500				(10,500)
Total Receipts	100,500		100,500		76,589		(23,911)
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over							
Disbursements Before Other							
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	 (100,500)		(100,500)		(76,589)		23,911
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)							
Transfers From Other Funds	100,500		100,500		76,589		(23,911)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	100,500		100,500		76,589		(23,911)
Net Change in Fund Balance							
Fund Balance Beginning	 						
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

Fund Balance - Ending

	TRANSIENT ROOM TAX FUND							
		Budgeted	Am			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary	Fin	iance with al Budget
DECEMPE		Original		Final		Basis)	<u>(N</u>	legative)
RECEIPTS Taxes	\$	1 725 000	ø	1 725 000	ø	1 772 022	ď	47.022
	Э	1,725,000	\$	1,725,000	\$	1,772,922	\$	47,922
Interest		500		500		358	-	(142)
Total Receipts		1,725,500		1,725,500		1,773,280		47,780
DISBURSEMENTS								
Recreation and Culture		1,725,001		1,172,750		1,172,749		1
Debt Service				581,698		581,698		
Total Disburesments		1,725,001		1,754,448		1,754,447		1
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over								
Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		499		(28,948)		18,833		47,781
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers To Other Funds		(499)		(499)				499
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(499)		(499)				499
Net Change in Fund Balance				(29,447)		18,833		48,280
Fund Balance Beginning						264,231		264,231
			_		_			

\$ 0 \$ (29,447) \$

283,064 \$

312,511

MCCRACKEN COUNTY NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

June 30, 2014

Note 1. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the *Government Accounting Standards Board* and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the Fiscal Court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the Fiscal Court by July 1.

The Fiscal Court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the Fiscal Court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

MCCRACKEN COUNTY SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

MCCRACKEN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

The Fiscal Court reports the following schedule of capital assets:

	 Beginning Balance	A	dditions	D	eletions	 Ending Balance
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 1,172,482	\$	594,838	\$		\$ 1,767,320
Buildings Vehicles and Equipment	38,314,380 7,020,225		338,549		60,868	38,314,380 7,297,906
Infrastructure	 87,299,567					 87,299,567
Total Capital Assets	\$ 133,806,654	\$	933,387	\$	60,868	\$ 134,679,173

MCCRACKEN COUNTY NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

June 30, 2014

Note 1. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported as other information. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

	Cap	italization	Useful Life
	T1	nreshold	(Years)
Land Improvements	\$	20,000	20
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	20,000	50
Machinery and Equipment	\$	10,000	10
Vehicles	\$	10,000	5
Office Equipment	\$	10,000	5
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	12-50

MCCRACKEN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

MCCRACKEN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Federal Grantor		
Program Title	Pass-Through	
Grant Name (CFDA #)	Grantor's Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Homeland Security		
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Military Affairs:		
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (CFDA 97.039)	PON2 095 1300000009 *	\$ 471,411
Emergency Management Performance Grants (CFDA 97.042)	PO2 095 140000335 1	32,146
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Homeland Security:		
Port Security Grant Program (CFDA 97.056)	EMW 2013 PU 00490 S01	122,511
Homeland Security Grant Program (CFDA 97.067)	PO2 094 1400002766 1	22,789
Total U.S. Department Of Homeland Security		648,857
Total Cash Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 648,857

^{*}Tested as Major Program or Cluster

MCCRACKEN COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Note 1 - The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of McCracken County, Kentucky and is presented on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the *Government Accounting Standards Board*. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Bob Leeper, McCracken County Judge/Executive The Honorable Van Newberry, Former McCracken County Judge/Executive Members of the McCracken County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of the McCracken County Fiscal Court for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2015. The Fiscal Court's financial statement is prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a special purpose framework.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the McCracken County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the McCracken County Fiscal Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the McCracken County Fiscal Court's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2014-001, 2014-003, and 2014-004 to be material weaknesses.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2014-005, 2014-006, and 2014-007 to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the McCracken County Fiscal Court's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2014-002 and 2014-007.

County Judge/Executive and County Jailer's Responses to Findings

The McCracken County Judge/Executive and County Jailer's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County Judge/Executive and County Jailer's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

December 16, 2015

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Bob Leeper, McCracken County Judge/Executive The Honorable Van Newberry, Former McCracken County Judge/Executive Members of the McCracken County Fiscal Court

> Report On Compliance For Each Major Federal Program And Report On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Independent Auditor's Report

Compliance

We have audited McCracken County, Kentucky's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of McCracken County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. McCracken County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of McCracken County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirement referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about McCracken County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of McCracken County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, McCracken County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.



Report On Compliance For Each Major Federal Program And Report On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133 (Continued)

Internal Control over Compliance

Management of McCracken County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered McCracken County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program as a basis for designing our auditing procedures that were appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of McCracken County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might material weakness or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

December 16, 2015

MCCRACKEN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

MCCRACKEN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results				
Type of auditor's report issued: unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Are any material weaknesses identified?	☑ Yes	□No		
Are any significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	☑ Yes	□None Reported		
Is any noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	☑ Yes	□No		
Federal Awards				
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	unmodified			
Internal control over major programs:				
Are any material weaknesses identified?	□ Yes	⊠No		
Are any significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	□ Yes	☑None Reported		
Are any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with <u>U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133</u> , <i>Audits of State</i> , <i>Local Governments</i> , <i>and Non-Profit Organizations</i> , Section .510(a)?	□Yes	⊠No		
Identification of major programs:				
CFDA Numbers and Name of Federal Program or Cluster				
#97.039 Hazard Mitigation Grant Program				
Enter the dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$300,000			
Is the auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	□ Yes	☑ No		

Section II: Findings – Financial Statement Audit

2014-001 Material Weaknesses Over Cash Resulted In Unauthorized Cash Transfers

McCracken County Fiscal Court has material weaknesses in internal controls over cash that resulted in unauthorized cash transfers. Of the 25 cash transfers that were tested, \$6,201,118 was transferred between the operating funds. Fiscal court only approved the transfer of \$3,805,790, resulting in \$2,395,328 of unauthorized cash transfers.

Good internal controls over cash should include documented approval of cash transfers by Fiscal Court prior to transferring any county funds. Without this approval, county funds could be misappropriated or misused. While of the items tested no funds were determined to be missing, the lack of proper Fiscal Court oversight did result in the unauthorized transfers and therefore may have resulted in funds being used for purposes other than what they were intended.

We recommend the Fiscal Court require all cash transfers be approved by Fiscal Court prior to the transfer being made. We also recommend such approvals be adequately documented in the Fiscal Court minutes.

County Judge/Executive Response: Corrective action has been taken.

2014-002 Decentralized Receipts Were Not Properly Turned Over To The County Treasurer

The following findings were noted with the County's decentralized receipts:

- Planning Commission receipts were not submitted to the County Treasurer to be recorded in the county treasury.
- Fees for building and electrical permits were turned over to the County Treasurer once a month.

KRS 68.020(1) states "The county treasurer shall receive and receipt for all money due the county from its collecting officers or from any other person whose duty it is to pay money into the county treasury, and shall disburse such money in such manner and for such purpose as may be authorized by appropriate authority of the fiscal court. He shall not disburse any money received by him for any purpose other than that for which it was collected and paid over to him, and when he pays out money he shall take a receipt therefor. All warrants for the payment of funds from the county treasury shall be co-signed by the county treasurer and the county judge/executive." Because the Planning Commission chose not to turn their receipts over to the County Treasurer, cash balances were omitted from required financial statements, supporting documentation for monies collected was not maintained, and disbursements of these funds were not approved by Fiscal Court. As a result, the County was not in compliance with KRS 68.020(1).

In addition to KRS 68.020, KRS 68.210 states "The administration of the county uniform budget system shall be under the supervision of the state local finance officer...". Minimum accounting requirements pursuant to KRS 68.210 include daily deposits intact into a federally insured banking institution. Because the county chose to turn fees for building and electrical permits over to the County Treasurer once a month, the County was not in compliance with KRS 68.210.

Section II: Findings – Financial Statement Audit (Continued)

2014-002 Decentralized Receipts Were Not Properly Turned Over To The County Treasurer (Continued)

We recommend the Fiscal Court comply with KRS 68.020(1) and KRS 68.210 by requiring all funds collected in locations other than the Treasurer's office to be submitted to the County Treasurer for recording in the County Treasury and deposited intact into a federally insured banking institution on a daily basis.

County Judge/Executive Response: The Planning commission account was closed September 2014. We have instructed the building and electric staff to turn over receipts on a timely basis.

2014-003 Weak Internal Controls Over Debt And Debt Service Resulted In The Misstatement Of Outstanding Debt Balances

Material weaknesses exist over the reporting of liabilities and debt of McCracken County. The June 30, 2014 outstanding debt balances reported on the 4th Quarter Financial Report were misstated when compared to the actual debt balances confirmed with lenders.

Strong internal controls over outstanding debt and liabilities are necessary to ensure accurate financial reporting. Because the county failed to have a strong internal control system over liabilities and debt service, these misstatements were able to occur without detection. Therefore, we recommend the county strengthen internal controls over the reporting of debt service payments and outstanding balances. Internal controls, such as comparisons of payment amounts and outstanding balances to amortization and payment schedules, should be implemented. We also recommend the county consult with its lenders to verify outstanding debt balances are in agreement with the County's schedule of leases and liabilities. Such practices will strengthen internal controls over liabilities and debt service and ensure that proper amounts are reported.

County Judge/Executive Response: Corrective action has been taken.

2014-004 Weak Internal Controls Over Capital Assets Resulted In the Omission Of Capital Asset Additions From The County's Schedule Of Capital Assets

Material weaknesses exist over the reporting of capital assets of McCracken County. The County's schedule of capital assets for the period of audit failed to recognize all asset purchases that occurred throughout the year. Furthermore, at least one of these asset additions did not appear to be added to the County's insurance policy.

Strong internal controls over capital assets are necessary to ensure accurate financial reporting and to protect assets from misappropriation. By having weak internal controls over capital assets, those assets are left vulnerable to misappropriation or misstatement.

In order to strengthen the county's internal controls over capital assets, we recommend the county establish a detailed inventory system. This system should include a detailed description of each county asset, an inventory control number or serial number, the date acquired, purchase price, location, date destroyed or sold as surplus, and a brief description of why the asset was discarded. The inventory of county assets should be updated throughout the year as new assets are acquired or old assets are retired, as should the County's insurance coverage. We also recommend the county conduct a physical inspection of the county's assets at the end of each year to make comparisons to the county's list of inventoried assets.

County Judge/Executive Response: Updated software has allowed for more accurate reporting of capital assets.

Section II: Findings – Financial Statement Audit (Continued)

2014-005 The McCracken County Jailer Failed To Implement Internal Controls Over The Service Organization Handling Inmate Funds

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the McCracken County Jail contracted with a 3rd party service organization, to handle the operations of the jail commissary as well as inmates' funds. While such a contract is allowable by statute, the Jailer is still considered the custodial agent for the inmates' funds; and therefore is responsible for internal controls over them. However, because of the reliance placed on the service organization, the Jailer exercised no internal controls over the inmates' funds, leaving them susceptible to potential errors and misappropriation.

We recommend the Jailer establish internal controls over the activities of the service organization in order to protect the McCracken County Jail from loss or liability related to inmates' funds. At a minimum, these internal controls should include the following:

- Requiring the service organization to provide documentation of daily batched receipts, daily checkout sheets, and daily deposits.
- Requiring the service organization to provide supporting documentation for all amounts disbursed from the inmates' funds.
- Monthly reconciliations of the inmates' account balances to the bank balance to determine if inmates' funds maintained in this account are properly accounted for as required by statute.
- Having a knowledgeable jail employee review the work of the service organization handling the inmates' monies.

By implementing these internal control procedures, the Jailer can strengthen the controls over jail inmate funds and reduce the risks of errors and misappropriation associated with them.

County Jailer's Response: We have utilized this company for many years. We have always followed recommendations made by the auditors. However this is the first for some of the recommendations made. We have contacted the vendor and made necessary arrangements ask [sic] for.

2014-006 The McCracken County Fiscal Court Should Improve Internal Controls Over Payroll And Payroll Related Payments

The following findings were noted with the County's payroll system:

- Not all timesheets were signed by employees and supervisors.
- Documentation of Flexible Spending Account and Health Reimbursement Account (FSA/HRA) benefits was not found in the minutes of the Fiscal Court.

Strong internal controls and proper documentation of employees' benefits are vital in ensuring that payroll and benefits are properly accounted for. They are also important in protecting the County and its employees from potential disputes. Because the county failed to have either in place, the aforementioned findings occurred. In response to these findings, we make the following recommendations:

Section II: Findings – Financial Statement Audit (Continued)

2014-006 The McCracken County Fiscal Court Should Improve Internal Controls Over Payroll And Payroll Related Payments (Continued)

- McCracken County should require all timesheets to be signed by both the employee and his or her supervisor.
- Flexible Spending Account and Health Reimbursement Account (FSA/HRA) benefits should be properly approved, with said approval being documented in the minutes to the Fiscal Court meetings.

County Judge/Executive Response: Documentation of FSA/HRA has been run through FC.

2014-007 Weak Internal Controls Over Credit Card Disbursements Resulted In Late Fees And Potential Misuse

The following findings were noted with the County's credit card disbursements:

- Two instances where finance charges were incurred.
- Six disbursements had no supporting documentation.
- Ten disbursements did not have adequate supporting documentation.
- The former EMA director made multiple food purchases by credit card that were undocumented and could not be explained.

KRS 65.140 requires payment of bills within 30 days. KRS 68.275(2) states "The county judge/executive shall present all claims to the fiscal court for review prior to payment and the court, for good cause shown, may order that a claim not be paid." Disbursements should be necessary, adequately documented, reasonable and beneficial to the business of the county. Additionally, the County's Policies and Procedures state that "The County will reimburse for meals, with receipts only, at the rate of \$10 per meal or \$30 per day."

Due to a lack of detailed review of receipts supporting disbursements and credit card charges, the reasonableness and/or allowability of the disbursements could not be determined; thus, Fiscal Court cannot ensure purchases are valid and credit cards are not being abused. Because purchases on credit cards are not sufficiently documented, it is likely the members of the Fiscal Court are unaware of the nature and volume of items purchased with these cards. Meal charges exceed amounts allowable for an individual and meals possibly provided at training sessions were not properly documented.

We recommend the Fiscal Court address the aforementioned issues by:

- The Fiscal Court should require date stamp of all invoices when received and ensure that all invoices are paid within 30 days as required by KRS 65.140.
- The Fiscal Court should require copies of all paid invoices be maintained. All invoices should be for allowable expenses that have been properly approved, paid timely and in compliance with budget and legal requirements.

Section II: Findings – Financial Statement Audit (Continued)

2014-007 Weak Internal Controls Over Credit Card Disbursements Resulted In Late Fees And Potential Misuse (Continued)

- The Fiscal Court should require all receipts be submitted to support the charges on the credit card bill. Any charges without supporting receipts will be the responsibility of the user to pay.
- All claims should be presented to Fiscal Court for approval in accordance with KRS 68.275.
- Every payment should show evidence of sufficient review and approval before payment.
- Once the credit card statement is received and all receipts related to that statement are attached to the credit card statement, a detailed list of transactions should be included on the claims list presented to the Fiscal Court for approval.
- The Fiscal Court should perform detailed reviews of credit card receipts and bill statements to ensure all purchases are necessary, reasonable, were properly requested and approved, sufficiently documented and recorded.

County Judge/Executive Response: The County Judge Executive has instructed any employee utilizing county credit card to be issued a PO prior to transaction.

Section III: Findings And Questioned Costs - Major Federal Awards Program Audit

None.

Section IV: Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

None.

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

MCCRACKEN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

MCCRACKEN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

The McCracken County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

County Judge/Executive

County Treasurer